

# Hospital Consolidation & Integration and the Impact on Medical Supply Markets

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#### **Our Mission**

UPMC's mission is to provide outstanding patient care and to shape tomorrow's health system through:

- Clinical innovation
- Biomedical and health services research
- Education





#### Where We Started → Where We Are Today

- In 25 years UPMC has gone from a three-hospital system to a \$10B Integrated Delivery and Finance System (IDFS)
- In last 8 years, Supply Chain has integrated 5 large hospitals into system
  - Passavant, Children's, Mercy,
     Hamot and now Altoona
- We also built 2 new hospitals





# A Strong Network of Hospitals, Outpatient Care, Pre- and Post-Acute Care, Home Care, and Rehabilitation Services

















#### Where We Are Today: The Big Stats

# I. Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston 2. Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore 3. Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn. 4. Cleveland Clinic 5. Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center, Los Angeles 6. Barnes-Jewish Hospital/Washington University, St. Louis 7. New York-Presbyterian University Hospital of Columbia and Cornell, N.Y. 8. Duke University Medical Center, Durham, N.C.

9. Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston

NYU Langone Medical Center, New York
 Northwestern Memorial Hospital, Chicago
 UCSF Medical Center, San Francisco

Mount Sinai Medical Center, New York

16. Indiana University Health, Indianapolis

10. UPMC-University of Pittsburgh Medical Center

15. Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia

17. University of Michigan Hospitals and Health Centers, Ann Arbor

- Largest employer in Pennsylvania, with nearly 60,000 employees
- More than 3,300 employed physicians
- More than 13,000 nurses & 1,600 residents
- 21 academic, community, and specialty hospitals and 400 outpatient sites
- Ongoing strategic affiliation with the University of Pittsburgh
  - Ranked among the top 10 recipients of NIH funding



#### Where We Are Today: A Leader in Health Care IT

2013: Ranked #1 in InformationWeek 500 – top innovative companies





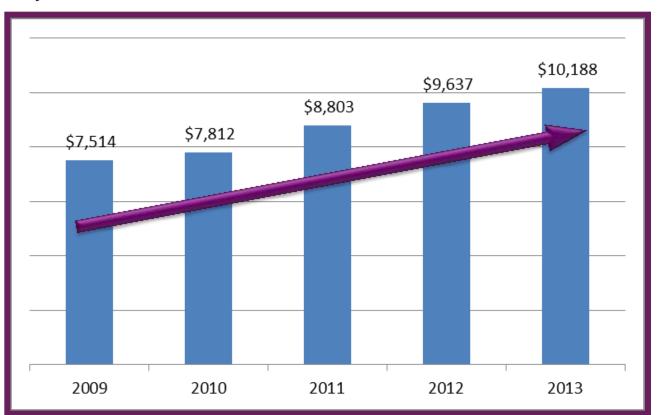
- Pioneer in developing and adopting technology to improve quality, safety, and efficiency
- \$1.5 billion investment over the past five years to support clinical excellence and create new models of care
  - Turning unstructured data into actionable information
  - Bringing personalized medicine to each patient



#### Where We are Today: Revenue Growth

#### Over \$10B Revenue

- UPMC's operating revenue has increased by 36% since 2009
- 8% compound annual growth rate allows UPMC to pursue various growth and community initiatives





# TOPIC CHANGING MEDICINE

**UPMC Supply Chain Transformation**"8 Years In, Almost There"

#### **UPMC SCM Transformation: Shared Services**

- Top Down Approach driven by Senior Leadership
- Standardization of systems and business processes
  - Quickly integrate merged hospitals / business groups to recognize economies of scale – systems and processes/policies.
- Corporate Services structure with centralized operations and support (IT, Finance, HR, Legal, Supply Chain, etc.)
  - Quickly merge similar operations into their respective corporate group/business.



U = YOU
P = PEOPLE
M= MUST
C = COMPLY





#### **UPMC SCM Transformation: Start with a Vision**

"We must continually challenge existing paradigms and create new ways of delivering value in an ever changing healthcare landscape."

J. Szilagy





# **UPMC SCM Transformation: Imperatives**

- Moved resources to more strategic activity
  - Automated transaction activity
  - Deployed "one place to buy" strategy
- Upgraded talent and improve skill sets



- Increased influence on non-traditional / new spend categories
- Deployed processes to manage new technology introduction
- Strong evidence & returns required for premium pricing
- Optimized the entire supply chain organization







## **UPMC Supply Chain Environment: Recent Recognition**













IDN Summit 2011
National Award Winner(s)
for Efficiency & Innovation



## **UPMC Supply Chain Environment: At-A-Glance**





165,000+ devices











### **UPMC Supply Chain Environment: At-A-Glance**

#### Significant Spend

>\$2B Spend under control

#### Self-Contracted

~85% under local agreements

#### Self Distributed

- Consolidated Service Center
  - 150k sq ft distribution facility
- HC Pharmacy
  - Regional GPO
  - UPMC and Affiliated Hospitals
  - Outpatient Pharmacies
  - Cancer Centers

#### High Volume Shop

- 74,000+ invoices per month
- 9,000+ purchase reqs/week

#### Technology Driven Automation

- ProdigoMarketplace
- ProdigoXchange ProdigoMarketplace
- Voice Directed Picking
- PeopleSoft & Oracle WMS

#### Fully Integrated Shared Services

- Single point of contact for SCM
- Evaluate, Contract, Purchase,Pay, Distribute, Repair, Replace





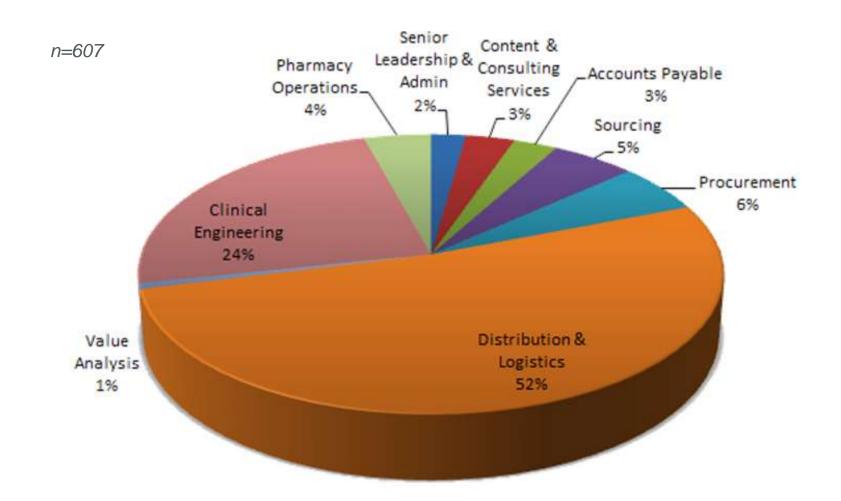
# **UPMC Supply Chain Environment: Services**

Name	Service		
BioTronics Inc.	Clinical Engineering		
Prodigo Solutions	SCM Technology		
Affiliation Program	Support of Non-UPMC Entities		
HC Pharmacy	Pharmacy SCM Services		
СРАК	Pharmacy Packaging Services		
Pharmacy Operations	Robotic Packaging		
Clinical Equipment	Specialty Bed & Equipment Distribution		
Employee Transit	Transportation Services		
Moving & Storage	Asset Optimization		

Name	Service	
Materials Management	Onsite Supply Optimization	
Distribution	Warehouse Services	
Sourcing & Contracting	Cost & Risk Management	
Buying	Product & Service Acquisition	
Consulting	Project Management	
Systems Support	PeopleSoft Support	
Accounts Payable	Funds Disbursement	
Supplier Relations	Diversity & Local Growth	
Value Analysis	Evaluate Clinical Efficacy w/ Costs	



# **UPMC's Supply Chain Environment: FTE Distribution**





#### **UPMC's Supply Chain Transformation: Process**

#### **Reinvent Value Analysis**

- Hired Clinicians to Manage Process
- Established Executive Oversight
- Mission is <u>preservation and</u> <u>improvement of the quality of patient</u> <u>care while controlling costs and risks</u>



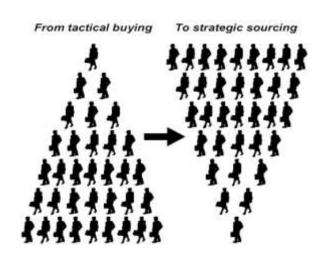
- Key Tenets of Program
  - "Balancing Consensus with Speed of Decision"
  - "Balancing Clinical Efficacy with Cost"
  - "Products Should Meet the Needs of the System, but Not Exceed The Needs"





#### **Internalize Strategic Sourcing**

- Use Automation to move FTEs from tactical to strategic work
- Best ROI comes from Sourcing...10:1
- UPMC locally contracts for all strategic PPI categories using our paper
- Supports Value Analysis program
- Category plans document current/future sourcing strategy...UPMC's strategy.
- Self-Contracting drives more value than self-distribution; both drive compliance.







#### **SELF-CONTRACTING = LOWER COSTS**

- Critical Clauses/Sections Include:
  - Affiliate
  - Market Competition
  - Best Price
  - New Product Introduction / New Releases Clinical
  - E-Commerce Business Process Requirements
- Recent Examples:
  - Orthopaedic Revisions Entirely New Strategy
  - Cardiac Rhythm Management New Product Introduction
  - Drug Eluting Stents Best Price & Market Competition
  - Blood Products Unprecedented "shared risk" contract



#### **SELF-CONTRACTING = LOWER RISK**

- Critical Clauses/Sections Include:
  - Unavailable Product(s)/Cost to Cover
  - Criminal Background Check; Drug Testing
  - Product Recalls
  - Right to Reject
  - Right to Audit
- Recent Examples:
  - Non-performing Sterilizer Right to Reject
  - Abdominal Binder Cost to Cover
  - Transportation Supplier Right to Audit





#### Price Focused GPO Contracts are Fine for Some Areas

- GPO contracts broadly do not address risk mitigation
- GPO contracts do deliver a "good" price on many products
- GPO's deliver value to Supplier when restrict Provider's choice
- GPO's deliver value to Provider when allow freedom of choice
- Who's strategy are you implementing with GPO contracts?

#### Self Contracting is Resource Intensive

- Sufficient staff to cover largest / most critical spend
- Contract Agent = 2x-3x Salary of tactical Buyer
- Standardized and pre-approved clause library
- Integration into financial and reporting systems
- Months to negotiate a local; minutes to use GPO



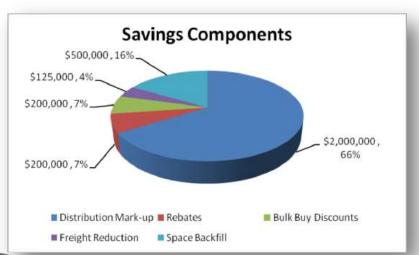




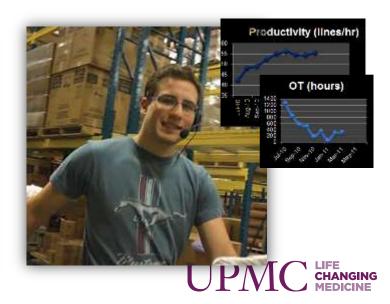


#### **Self-Distribution Drives Savings**

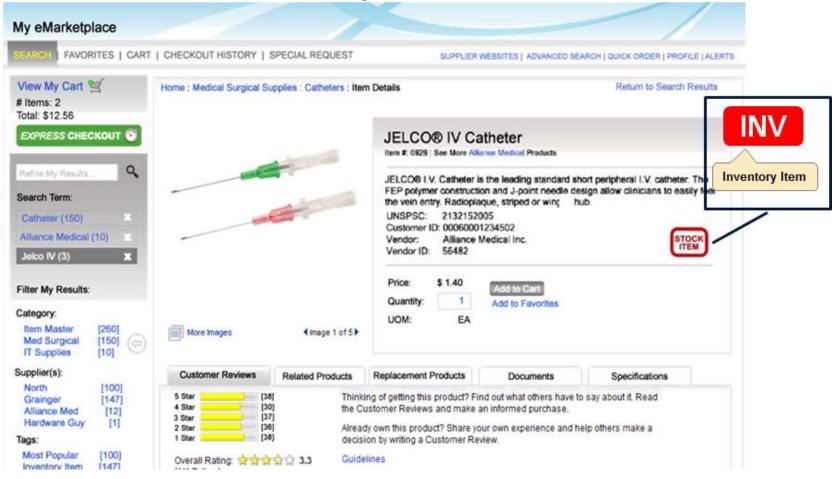
- Increases service capacity
- Supports future demand
- Supports affiliate / growth strategy
- Removes 3<sup>rd</sup> party costs
- Reduces waste
- Increases compliance
- Over \$1.1M annual net savings







**Self-Distribution Drives Compliance** 



NO COMPLIANCE = NO SAVINGS

TPMC CHANGING MEDICIN

#### Many Reasons to Drive Self Distribution

- Lower Costs
- Satisfy Power / Ego
- Risk Mitigation / Continuity of Supply

#### Self Distribution is Resource Intense

- Significant start up costs (capital & labor)
- Outside area of expertise for most Providers
- Need for ROI varies with reason behind decision

# Self-Contracting eases Self Distribution; Not Required

- Local contracts more often contain distribution friendly terms (fill rate, rebate structure, fast pay discounts, etc) not contained in GPO contracts
- Can still do self-distribution with many GPO contracts

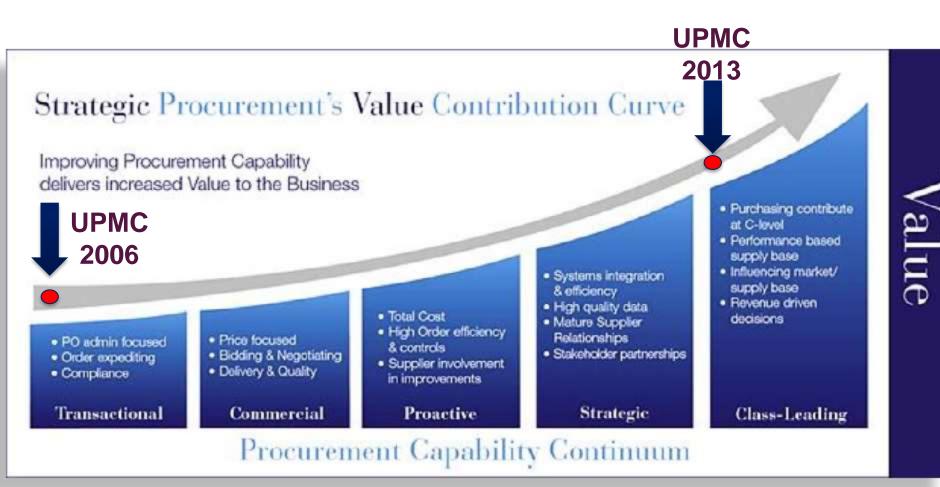


#### **UPMC's Supply Chain Transformation: One Size Fits...?**

- If Self Contracting and Self Distribution add so much value, then why isn't everyone doing it?
  - GPO's do add value.
  - Distributors do add value.
  - Many providers are not big enough to drive proportional benefit.
  - Self-Contracting & Self-Distribution both require a certain size, resource commitment and element of supply chain sophistication to be successful. Not every Provider has this combination of abilities.
- However, Provider consolidation and need to further reduce costs may accelerate movement towards self-contracting and self-distribution....



# **UPMC's Supply Chain Transformation: Self Reflection**



Source: bobthompson.net



#### **UPMC SCM Transformation: The Path Forward**

- Optimize the entire value chain
- Automate transaction activity to deliver more value with less resources
- Product selections no longer based on Physician preference
- Increasingly fund SCM with external revenue source
- Support Non-UPMC healthcare providers (Affiliation)
- Significantly limit the introduction of new technolog
- Fewer total suppliers Choose winners & losers
- Fewer total product options; Drive spend to products that deliver superior outcomes at same or lower cost; eliminate unnecessary waste
- Engage in strategic and collaborative relationships with a few suppliers
- Reduce practice variation/consumption by service line





# TPMC CHANGING MEDICINE

Hospital Consolidation & Integration and the Impact on Medical Supply Markets

#### Rate of Provider Consolidation is Increasing

"Only 13% of hospitals surveyed in 2012 intend to maintain independence from alignment with other hospitals or systems."

Strafford presentation that contains data from: Media Intelligence, M&A: Hospitals Take Hold, January 2012



### Rate of Provider Consolidation is Increasing

#### A Wave of Hospital Mergers

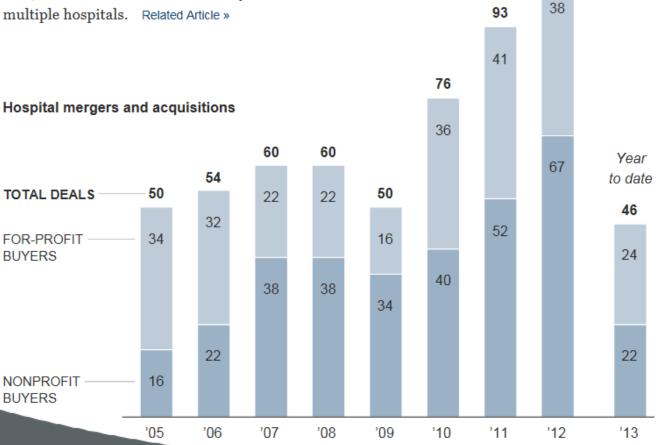
Over the last four years, there has been a surge in the number of hospital mergers. In 2012, the number of deals was more than twice what it was in 2009 — and each of those deals may involve multiple hospitals. Related Article »

# The New York Times

**SOURCE:** A Wave of Hospital Mergers

NY Times, August 12, 2013

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# **Provider Consolidation Has Many Faces**

AFFILIATIONS	JOINT VENTURE	JOINT OPERATING AGREEMENT	MERGER	ACQUISITION
<ul> <li>Most flexible form of consolidation, though option of a weak vs. strong affiliation exists</li> <li>Utilized to increase footprint, gain economy of scale, create referrals, supplement an already successful set of services, exchange best practices</li> <li>Do not necessarily change management or governance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A mildly flexible arrangement</li> <li>Used to create something new (limited inpatient or outpatient activity, service, purpose) that may be overwhelming to do solo</li> <li>Shared governance between two hospitals</li> <li>Contains some form of profit/risk sharing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Virtual Mergers, where assets may separate but services are coordinated</li> <li>New overarching governing board is created but hospitals maintain independent boards as well</li> <li>May borrow for capital investments as one organization</li> <li>Similar to a joint venture, but larger. Extends past just a specific service or activity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mutual decision of two companies to combine</li> <li>Leadership may be a combination of the two hospitals or from an outside source</li> <li>Hospital's absorb each other's assets and debts</li> <li>Goal is to increase economy of scale, improve quality, increase market share</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Purchase of one hospital by another</li> <li>Usually smaller acquired by larger, but not always</li> <li>Goals: increase market share, footprint, acquire additional services, financial stability</li> <li>Hospitals may continue to function semi-independently or make transformational changes to match buying hospital</li> </ul>

Source: "What Hospital Executives Should be Considering in Hospital Mergers and Acquisitions"

DHG Healthcare Winter 2013



## Rate of Provider Consolidation is Increasing

- Why is Provider consolidation occurring at an increasing rate?
- Analysts say will be only [XXX] mega-IDNs in the future.
   How many? What's the number you heard? Why?
- How does this affect you, the healthcare supplier? Is it better for you to have fewer larger customers or worse? What does it do to your costs (SG&A) of sale?



### How do IDNs and Future Mega IDNs Drive Compliance?

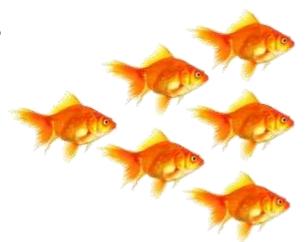
- Today pricing is driven by volume and contractual commitment (compliance/market share).
- How do today's current mega-systems like Acension, UHS, Kaiser, Tenent, Scott&White/Baylor drive compliance today?
- Do they all do it the same way? Do they all have same results? Who does it best? Why?
- Supply Strategies for Provider Consolidation/Integration
  - "Populist / Defeatist Just Let the Docs Win" Strategy
  - "You People Must Comply" Strategy
  - "If It's Contracted, It's Good" Strategy
  - "My GPO is My Strategy" Strategy
  - "The bottom 2/3rds make the Top 1/3rd Possible" non-strategy



## Is your IDN Integrated or Loosely Affiliated?

Integration Drives Compliance. What are some ways you can tell if a given large IDN or new mega-system is integrated or not? Can deliver market share to you or not?

- Single ERP system / buying platform?
- Single SCM organization?
- Self distributed?
- Self contracted?
- More than one GPO?
- More than one contract connection per spend category?
- What did they do with the last couple facilities they integrated? Did any products convert?





#### Does Geography Support Today's IDN Compliance?

- One reason for UPMC's success in driving compliance is our close proximity to our key stakeholders/clinicians.
- UPMC has 61% market share in Allegheny County. We primarily serve only Western Pennsylvania. But what if...?







- The further dispersed geographically an IDN's facilities are, the less likely they are to implement selfdistribution. Self-contracting is unrelated to geography.
- As IDN's grow beyond their home region, will they be able to support the same compliance levels as today?



#### **GPO Power is waning /diminishing.**

- GPO power has risen and fallen over last decade or so.
- IDN self contracting, self distribution, and regional purchasing coalitions have all hurt their ability to drive change/drive market share...but hasn't necessarily driven down the admin fees that they collect.
- What is a GPO's Value Proposition to YOU?
- GPOs no longer able to give Providers a guarantee of the "best price" from their suppliers because they let hospitals self contract (directly or through a regional consortium)
- What happens to the GPO power as providers continue to consolidate, will it increase or decrease?



#### **Should You Support Local Contracting?**

- Hospitals self contract because WHERE they deliver compliance (market share) to the suppliers they deserve to be incented/rewarded
- Question is, should you support local contracting or should you support the GPOs?
  - Hint: GPO's don't actually buy anything
- What does it take to drive compliance?
  - Geographic region might matter
  - Physician relationship with administration matters
  - Aptitude/skill/maturity of IDN supply chain absolutely matters
  - Teeth matter...you will be challenged, how will you respond?



#### World of GPO's is Changing Fast...for the Better?

#### Emergence of Payer owned GPOs

- Dignity Heath + UnitedHealthcare = SharedClarity
- Highmark + Allegheny Health Network = Provider Supply Chain Partners
- How does Provider Value Analysis balance with direct Payer/Supplier relationships? Impact on formularies?

## What happens when (if) the GAO pulls the Safe Harbor provision from GPOs?

- What is the Safe Harbor and what does it do for you?
   Here's what could happen...
- Chaos will reign briefly depending on runway given
- Providers will consolidate further, and in new ways
- GPO will retrench and add value like any consultant should
- Buyers will get bigger and buyer/supplier balance is restored



GOVERN

### What does the future with supplier and provider consolidation hold for distributors?

- Distributors have it tough. They are battered from all sides.
- Distributors have to be friends with EVERYONE and meet everyone's needs but:
  - Distributor as a Distributor puts them at odds with IDN desire to self distribute
  - Distributor as a manufacturer (private label) puts them at odds with the same device manufacturers that are their bread & butter
  - Distributor as Salesperson (selling GPO or OEM products) might put them at odds with IDN that wants them to be strictly a service provider
  - So where do distributors go to NOT be in trouble with someone?
    - Distributor as 3PL to an OEM
    - Distributor being purchased by or purchasing a GPO
    - Consolidate w/other distributors and try to regain control



# Standardization increases risk and increases costs in the long term. Right?

 What if all the mega-IDNs of the future control 80% of the beds in the US?



- What if majority standardize to the <u>same supplier</u> for a given product. What does this do to the other couple suppliers?
  - Increases risk of supply continuity failure (recall)
  - Short Term Failure to supply = loss of revenue on both parties
  - Long Term Failure to supply = reduced patient outcomes / death?
- To be successful in long-term, <u>Providers need to create and</u> support a competitive landscape in their supply categories



#### **Compliance & Volume Stifles Innovation?**

How many big companies continually drive innovation?







- Sustained competition drives marketplace innovation and lowers costs to the consumer.
- But what are we headed for in healthcare?
  - How many of our supply markets are already an oligopoly?
  - How many of those markets are trending towards fewer competitors rather than more?



#### **Dual Source Strategy Drives Innovation?**



- Large IDNs will get larger
- Large IDNs will drive more standardization
- Large IDNs will use ever fewer suppliers
- A few suppliers will get larger and take more market share
- Once a supplier captures 40-50% market share they start to exhibit "bad supplier" behaviors:
  - forcing price increases, raising margins, innovating less, consuming smaller competitors, getting lazy, getting arrogant, etc.
- To drive competition and innovation, large IDNs should dual-source ...but suppliers penalize providers who do this
- Sole Source/High Compliance strategy is BAD long term for our industry and for patients. Stifles innovation raises costs



#### **Providers Will Further Embrace Agnosticism**

#### The decline of Physician Influence on Product Selection?

Unprecedented need to reduce costs = new conversations between administration and physicians = more open to change

- Pedicle Screws
- CRM Devices
- Emergence of generic implant companies
- Hospitals going into manufacturing



#### **Agnostic Data Systems are Required (big Data)**

- Requirement of dual-source categories; need increasing
- Agnostic data drives better outcomes analysis
- Better outcomes analysis drives more business your way?



#### Traditional Sales Practices Will Be Challenged

#### Customer Segmentation Practices Will be Challenged

- Mega-IDNs will bring atypical ownership structures which will challenge current pricing practices.
- Affiliates, non-owned facilities, hybrids, acute care, primary care, alternative care, etc. Class of trade issues, etc.
- They won't care. One price. Same or better service.

#### Supplier Staffing Models Will be Challenged

- What is role of "salesperson" in a mega-IDN?
- Where does "sale" occur?
- OEM discussions on reducing costs by reducing sales reps
- Unprecedented Requests to Cancel Contracts



#### Suppliers Will Go "At Risk" Frequently & Substantially

- Move from "OR" to "AND" Must reduce costs and improve outcomes and increase patient satisfaction
- No Evidence = No evaluation.
- As mega-IDNs emerge, grow, and standardize, barriers to change increase dramatically.
- Will need mega savings and mega improvements in patient care for anyone to change. Bigger players=Bigger game



- Suppliers can reduce barriers to change by going "At Risk":
  - Performance Outcomes
  - Conversion Costs / Trial Costs
  - Guarantee Reduced Utilization, etc.



#### **Does Provider Consolidation & Integration Drive Value?**

- UPMC Mission of Value Analysis is to "ensure the preservation and improvement of the quality of patient care while controlling costs and risks related to the purchase and use of products and services."
- We intend to focus on Cost, Quality and Outcomes.
  - Does consolidation and integration help improve Costs?
  - Does consolidation and integration help improve Quality?
  - Does consolidation and integration help improve Outcomes?

What are you doing to prepare for further consolidation? Is it enough?



Join the Movemen

### THANK YOU

